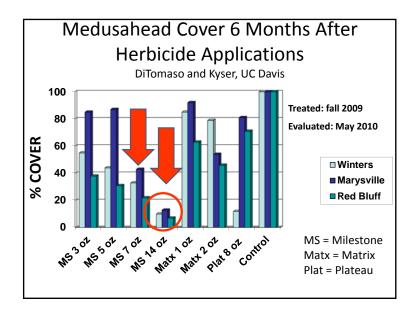




Previous medusahead research – all with excellent results

- Greenhouse trial at UC Davis with pre and post emergent applications
- Field research (3 sites) with UC Davis on pre emergent applications
- Larger scale applications in CA
- USDA-ARS study on seed viability after applications at 3 post emergent stages
 - Follow-up study with 2014 and 2015 studies in the field in CA (4 locations

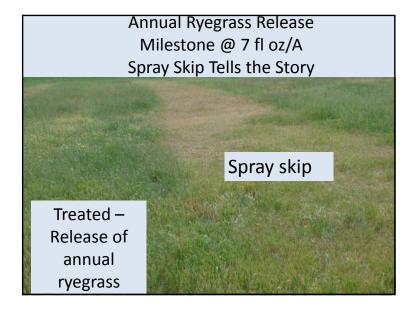
PREVIOUS WORK







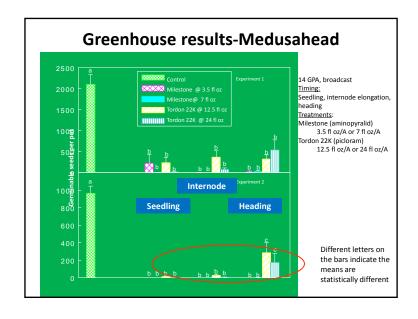


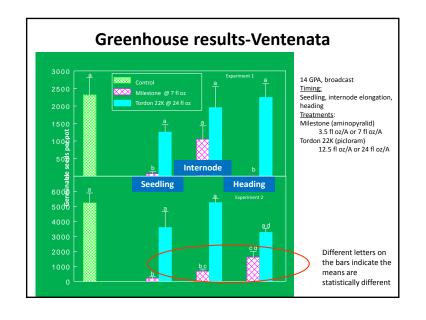


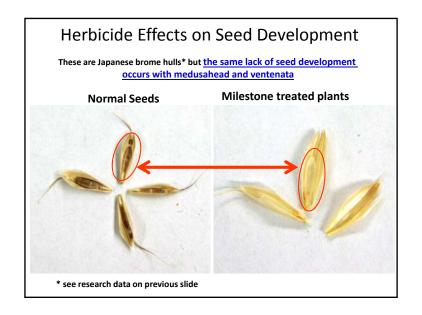
SEED VIABILITY

Research on Milestone® Effects on Medusahead and Ventenata Seed Production

- Dr. Rinella, USDA-ARS Rangeland Ecologist, showed that Milestone, Tordon 22K and some other growth regulator herbicides <u>applied</u> <u>post emergence</u> on Japanese brome and cheatgrass (downy brome) had an effect on seed development
 - Does Milestone have an effect on seed development of medusahead similar to that of growth regulators on Japanese brome?









Milestone and Opensight herbicides

- 2(ee) Label Recommendations and now on the section 3 Milestone label
 - For Control or Suppression of Medusahead Rye and Other Winter Annual Grasses
 - »Cheatgrass (downy brome)
 - »medusahead rye
 - »Ventenata



Latest Literature Piece 2013



Medusahead control with Milestone® herbicide

Rick Miller¹, Beau Miller¹, Vanelle Peterson¹, Scott Oneto², Guy Kyser³, and Joe DiTomaso³

1/Dow AgroSciences, 2/UC Cooperative Extension Central Sierra, and 3/University of California Cooperative Extension, Davis

Program approach and why it will work

- Why it will work?
 - Medusahead seed has a short viability about 3 years
- Program:
 - Preemergent applications in the fall with Milestone at either 7 or 14 fl oz/A
 - Follow-up post emergent application in the spring of Milestone to reduce/eliminate seed viability
 - Follow-up with spot applications as needed

2014 and 2015 Research

- 2014 field trials in CA in partnership between Dr. Matt Rinella and the University of California where repeated in 2015 to observe seed viability
- Trials established in the Intermountain west (UT and ID) to test effectiveness of the pre and post emergent (fall and spring) applications
 - Data will be taken in 2016

Preliminary Information CA 2015 Research Methods

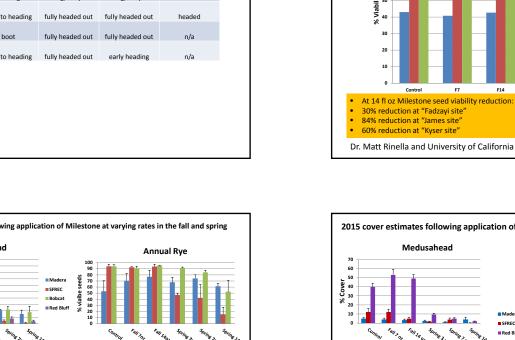
- * 4 treatment sites in California
- Milestone® applied at 3, 7 or 14 oz in the Spring or
- Milestone applied at 7 or 14 oz in the Fall
- * Seeds were collected from medusahead, wild oats, soft chess and annual rye and tested for viability
- * Percent cover of species of interest was estimated

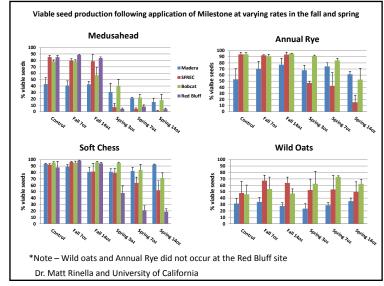
@neTrademark of The Dow Chemical Company ("Dow") or an affiliated company of Dow

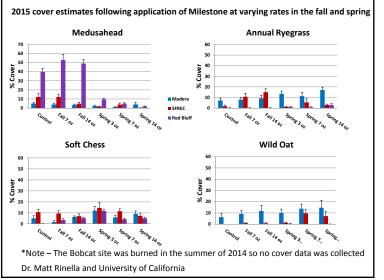
Growth stage of grasses and timing of Fall application of Milestone

	Madera	SFREC	Bobcat	Red Bluff
application date	12/10/2013	10/15/2013	11/25/2013	9/27/2013
Species		Growth Stage a	at time of application	on_
Medusahead	pre-emergence	pre-emergence	pre-emergence	5%-10% germ
Soft Chess	pre-emergence	pre-emergence	pre-emergence	pre-emergence
Annual Rye	pre-emergence	pre-emergence	pre-emergence	n/a
				,
Wild Oat	re-emergence	pre-emergence	pre-emergence	n/a

Soft Chess boot to heading fully headed out fully headed out headed Annual Rye boot fully headed out fully headed out n/a		Madera	SFREC	Bobcat	Red Bluff		
late boot with few heading 10% headed/90% late-veg/early boot late-veg/early boot mid to late book	application date	5/2/2014	4/18/2014	4/17/2014	4/14/2014		
Medusahead heading late-veg/early boot late-veg/early boot mid to late boot Soft Chess boot to heading fully headed out fully headed out headed Annual Rye boot fully headed out fully headed out n/a	Species	Growth Stage at time of application					
Annual Rye boot fully headed out fully headed out n/a	Medusahead			late-veg/early boot	mid to late boo		
	Soft Chess	boot to heading	fully headed out	fully headed out	headed		
Mild Oct best best feet feet	Annual Rye	boot	fully headed out	fully headed out	n/a		
wild Oat boot to heading fully headed out early heading n/a	Wild Oat	boot to heading	fully headed out	early heading	n/a		







Viability of medusahead seed in 2014 following application of Milestone at varying rates in the fall 2013 and spring 2014

F7

F14

53

F=fall and S=spring application of milestone the numbers (ie. 3, 7 & 14) represent oz/acre

"Fadzayi site"

NOTE: little to no rainfall at the

Fadzayi site ■ James site

Milestone[™] Herbicide

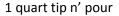
New Reduced Risk Herbicide

For Control of Invasive and Noxious Broadleaf Weeds in Rangeland, Pastures, Riparian Areas, Industrial Vegetation Management Sites, and coming Aquatic sites in 2015!!!

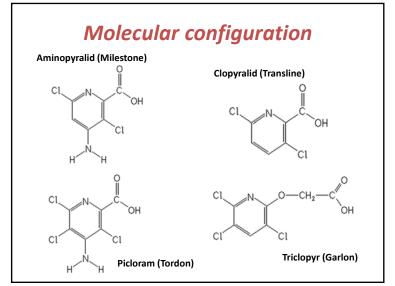


What's New? Expanded Milestone Label is Here

- 75 broadleaf weeds now labeled
- 17 broadleaf families represented
- New Pre-emergent section
- Medusahead on sec 3 label



- Treats 5-10 acres
- 2 ½ gallon jug
- Treats 50 100 acres



Registered Use Sites Milestone

- Rangeland & pastures no grazing restrictions
- Conservation Reserve Program acres
- Non-cropland areas (such as roadsides)
- Non-irrigation ditch banks
- Irrigation ditch tops and outer banks
- Natural areas (such as wildlife management areas, wildlife habitats, campgrounds, trailheads, restoration sites and trails

Thistle Control plus 70 + other weeds



Milestone[™] @ 7 fluid oz/acre 365 days

Control of Canada Thistle with Fall Applications of Milestone® Compared to Standards at 1 Year after Application

Evaluations at 1 year after treatment. Average of 22 trials in VA, ND, SD, NE, WY, CO, and WA

Milestone Ecotoxicology Review

Based on laboratory studies Milestone is practically non-toxic

Birds - bobwhite quail mallard ducks

Fish - rainbow trout bluegill sunfish sheepshead minnow fathead minnow



Milestone is Practically Non-toxic

Milestone Ecotoxicology Review

Aquatic invertebrates

Daphnia magna mysid shrimp eastern oyster (slight toxicity)

midge (Chironomus riparius)

Terrestrial invertebrates

honeybees and earthworms







Milestone Environmental Fate Summary

- NO significant metabolites (only CO₂ and NH₃)
- Moderate degradation rates in soil
 - Soil half life = 34.5 days (average of 4 studies)
- Limited Soil Mobility
 - Low leaching potential
- Aquatic degradation
 - Degraded by sunlight in surface water
- Low groundwater contamination potential
 - Low application rate and moderate field degradation
- Low vapor pressure reduces volatility

Where are we headed? Program approach and why it will work

- Why it will work?
 - Medusahead seed has a short viability about 3 years
- Program:
 - Preemergent applications in the fall with Milestone at either 7 or 14 fl oz/A
 - Follow-up post emergent application in the spring of Milestone at 5 – 7 oz rate to reduce/eliminate seed viability
 - Follow-up with spot applications as needed

