

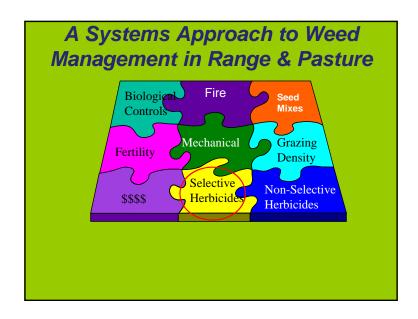


Dow AgroSciences Range & Pasture Portfolio

- Accord XRT II
- Capstone
- Forefront
- Milestone
- Pathfinder II
- Redeem



- Remedy Ultra Ultra/Garlon 4 Ultra
- Spike 80DF
- Spike 20P
- Rodeo
- Transline
- Vista XRT



Selective Herbicides

- Selective herbicides control the broadleaf weed and leave the grasses
- Use of a selective herbicide may be your most economical and effective tool for weed control
- Reduce competition release desirable forage

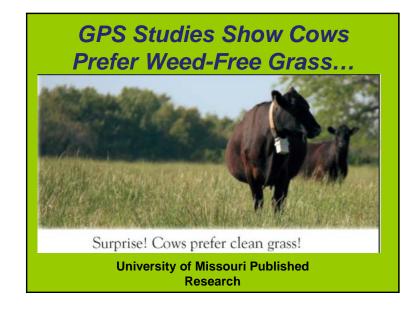


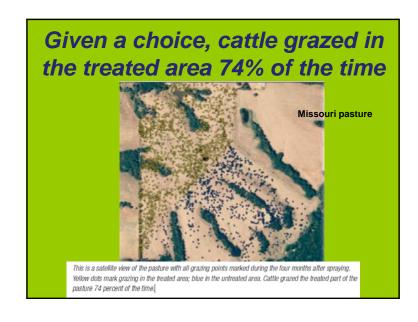


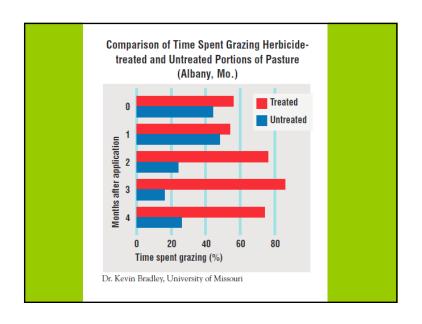
Selective Herbicides

- More moisture & nutrients available for forage
- Increase grazing utilization
- Extend grazing production
- Increased yield = more pounds of BEEF = more profit







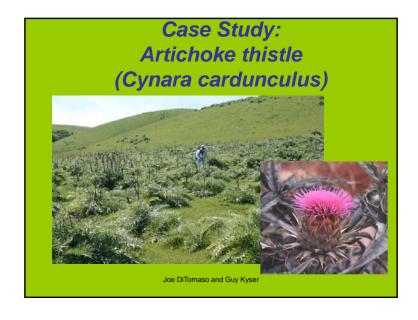


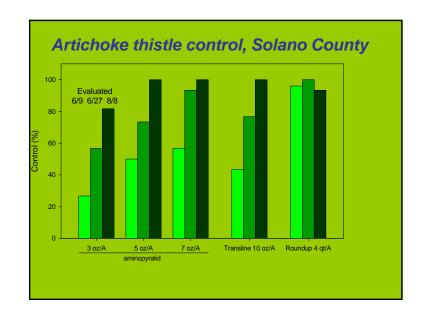
Forage Yields in Actively Grazed Sites

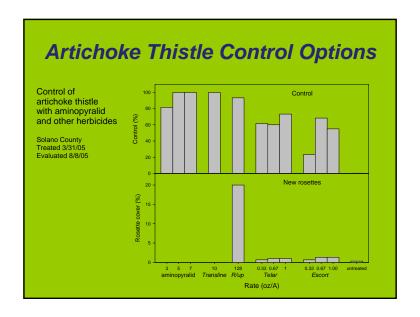
- Treated sites yielded more forage even after grazing, compared to untreated sites
- Despite more grazing on treated sites, they maintained 430-570 lbs grass/acre
- Untreated sites lost forage volume over time, as weeds and uneven grazing pressure took their toll

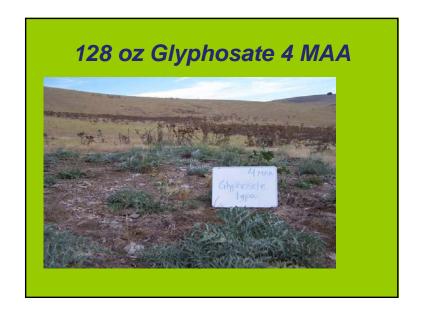
Why not just use Roundup to kill Your Weeds?

- World's largest herbicide
- Non-selective kills grasses & broad leaves
- Opens up canopy for more broad leaf infestation
- No residual spray today, gone tomorrow

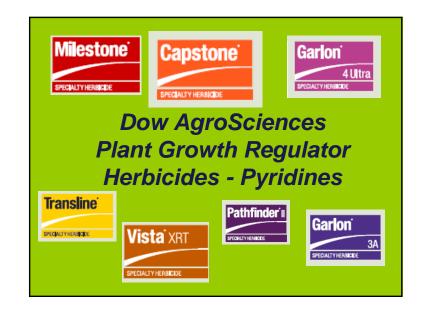












Growth Regulator Herbicides Key Attributes

- Auxins are a group of plant hormones which promote cell elongation and stimulation depending on the cell location and concentration.
- Pyridine chemistry (growth regulator herbicide) is recognized by the plant as an auxin hormone signal.

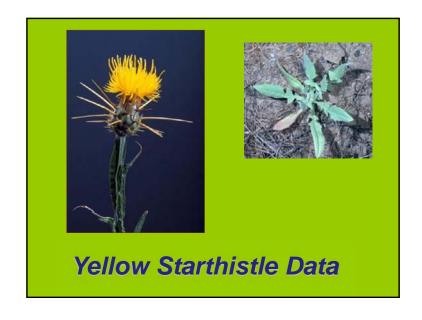


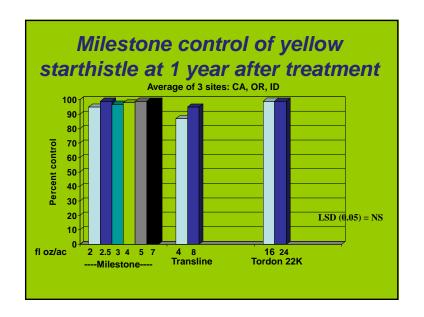
Growth Regulator Herbicides Key Attributes

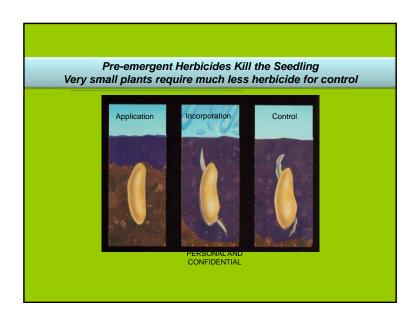
- Growth regulator herbicides affect plants by accelerated growth via overload of auxin mimics.
- Increases in pyridines can crush the vascular system of the plant, blocking it off from nutrients
- Net effect is desiccation & death of the entire plant

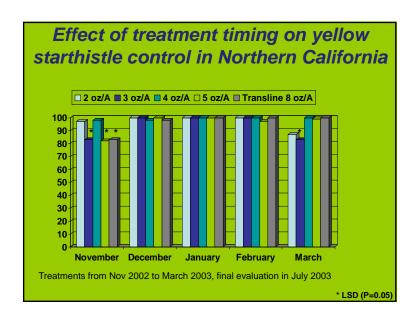


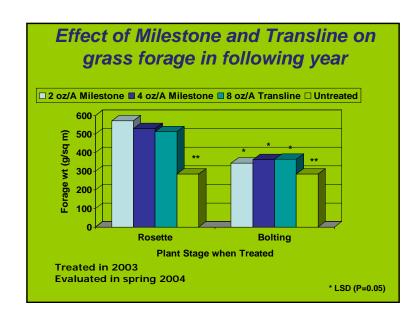


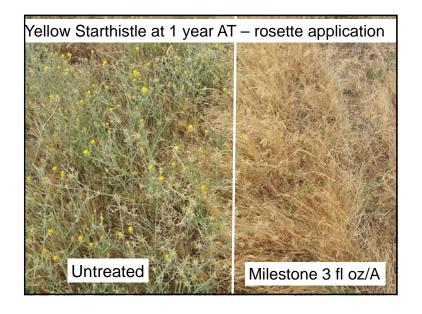


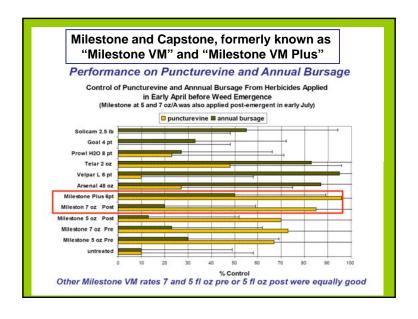












Aminopyralid: Milestone, Capstone

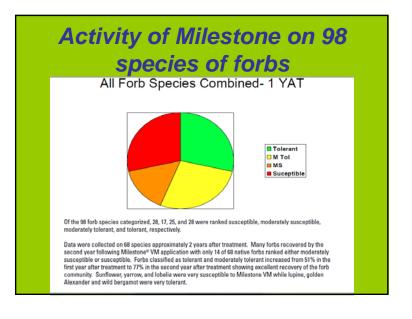
- NOT "restricted use" pesticides
- Registered as EPA reduced risk pesticide
- No grazing restrictions
- Has pre and post emergent activity for season long control of target broadleaf weeds
- Can be applied to "seasonally dry wetlands" and sprayed up to the waters edge

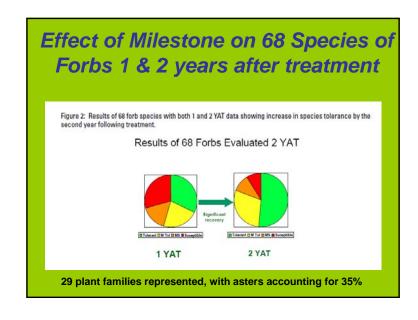
Aminopyralid Environmental and Ecotoxicology Summary

- Moderate degradation rates in soil
 - Soil half life = 34.5 days
- Mobility
 - Low potential for groundwater contamination
- Degradation by soil microbes
 - <u>NO</u> significant metabolites: mostly CO₂ and NH₃
- Aquatic degradation
- degraded by sunlight in water: Half life = 15 hours
- Low vapor pressure = essentially non-volatile









Milestone® Pre-Emergent & Post-Emergent Control • Pre- and post-emergent activity on - 17 broadleaf families represented - 75 broadleaf weeds now labeled • Pre-emergent activity 6+ months on - Russian thistle - Marestail - Fleabane - Mustards • CAUTION signalword • Reduced-risk Chemistry • Very affordable per acre - Qts, 2.5s, and Continuum

Aminopyralid Stewardship

- Labeled for "non-crop" areas only
- Please stay out of grapes, vegetables, cotton, alfalfa, soybeans, ornamentals, fruit trees and other desirable trees
- Always read the product label for specifics
- Don't mulch treated manure or hay
- Sprayer cleanout protocol



Milestone use under trees – some species are <u>not affected</u>

- Cottonwood
- Yellow poplar
- Ash
- Elm
- Cedars

- Oaks
- Black cherry
- Sweetgum
- Willow
- Maple
- Aspen
- Dogwood

Milestone: Do not use under leguminous or rosaceous trees

- Black locust
- Honey locust
- Other locust spp.
- Redbud
- Mimosa
- Caragena
- Rose
- Redwoods
- Deodora cedar



Phyto on Pepper Trees
Aerial Application on CA Ranch

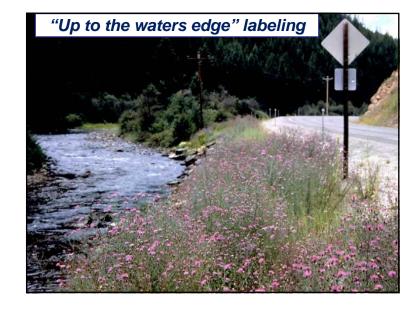
Transline® Herbicide as Option Around Trees

- Clopyralid selective control
- CAUTION signal word
- Non-volatile
- Safer around most crops
- Safer under desirable trees



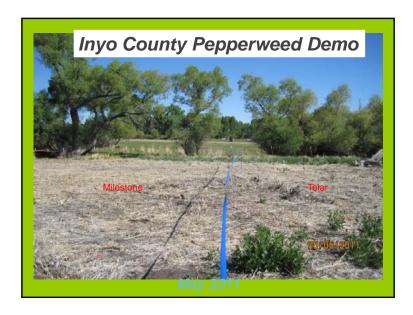
Milestone Registered Use Sites

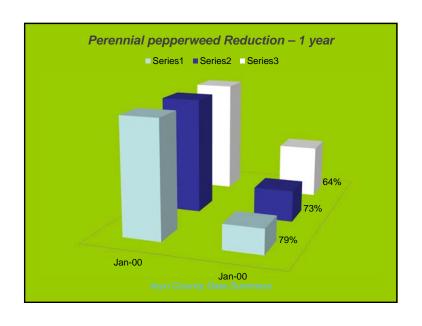
- Rangeland & pastures
- Conservation Reserve Program acres
- Non-cropland areas (such as roadsides)
- Non-irrigation ditch banks
- Natural areas such as wildlife management areas, wildlife openings, wildlife habitats, recreation areas, campgrounds, trailheads and trails
- Grazed areas in and around labeled sites.



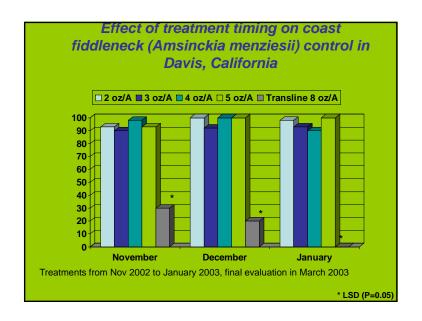
















Capstone®



- Excellent grass safety
- Non-volatile
- CAUTION Signalword
- Not a Restricted Use Pesticide
- No grazing or haying restrictions
 - Including lactating dairy animals
- Packaging: 2.5's, 30's, bulk



Capstone®

Key Woody species controlled

Tree of Heaven

Scotch broom

Poison oak

Himalayan blackberry

Key Broadleaf weeds controlled

Horseweed (marestail)

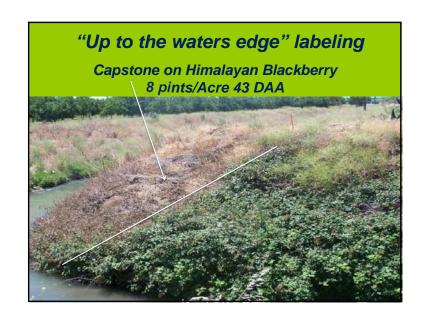
Thistles

Yellow starthistle

Knapweeds

Russian thistle (w/ glyphosate)















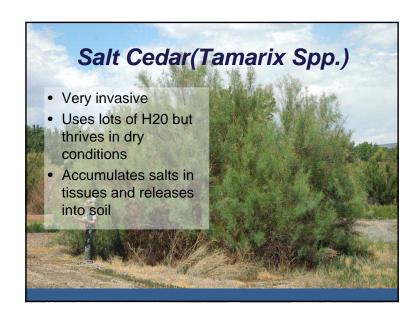




















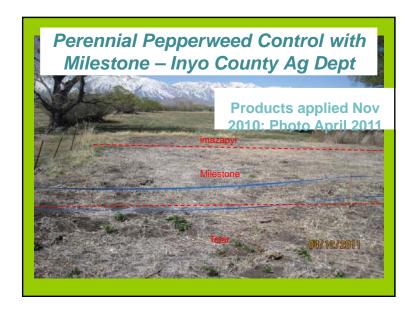


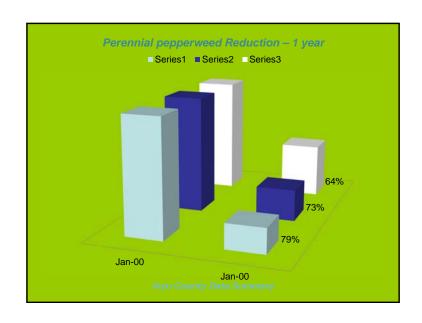


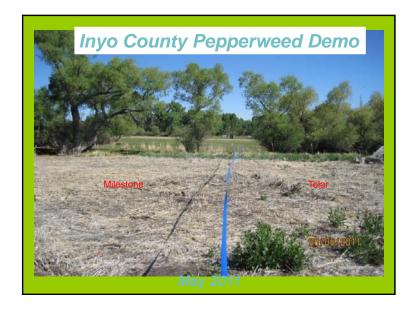
Perennial Pepperweed (Lepidium latifolium)

Brassicaceae
Grows in many habitats especially moist or seasonally wet.
Forms large dense stand displacing desirable veg.
Can infest entire stream corridors.
Perennial mustard with large storage tubers — cannot kill the plant without killing the tuber and the seed bank in nearby soil









Aminopyralid Stewardship

- Labeled for "non-crop" areas only
- Please stay out of grapes, vegetables, cotton, alfalfa, soybeans, ornamentals, fruit trees and other desirable trees
- Always read the product label for specifics
 Don't mulch treated manure or hay
- Sprayer cleanout protocol

Milestone® herbicide Guidelines for Use Around Woody Plants Can I use Milestone® herbicide for weed control under trees?

Guidelines for Use Around Woody Plants

Can I use Milestone® VM herbicide for weed control under trees?

Aminopyralid, the active ingredient in Milestone VM herbicide, has limited activity on woody species, including trees, when applied to the soil under the canopy. While it would be unlikely for broadcast applications of labeled rates to actually kill a mature tree (except legume species), there could be some leaf curling/cupping or other damage typical of growth regulator herbicides. Therefore, Milestone VM should NOT be used over the top of desirable trees. Milestone VM can be used ONLY as a directed spray under the canopy, or within the dripline, of certain trees; but not under desirable legume trees/shrubs.

Milestone VM CAN BE USED as an under-canopy soil application for the following trees:

Common name	Scientific name	Common name	Scientific name
alder	Alnus rubrus	maple	Acer spp.
ash	Fraxinus spp.	oaks	Quercus spp.
aspen	Populus spp.	poplar	Populus spp.
black cherry	Prunus serotina	southern yellow pine	Pinus spp. (southern)
cottonwood	Populus spp.	sweetgum	Liquidambar styraciflua
dogwood	Cornus spp.	sycamore	Platanus occidentalis

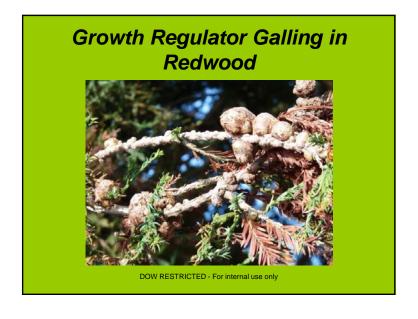
Milestone Drift into Alfalfa



Aminopyralid Phytotoxicity in Grapes











Milestone can affect newly germinating grasses

Mileston

Grass Planting Guidelines

Milestone", Milestone VM, and ForeFront" R&P herbicides are registered for use to control broadleaf weeds in areas with established grasses. These guidelines answer questions about the use of these aminopyralid-containing products in areas where grass seed may be planted either before or after application of an aminopyralid-containing product.

When can post emergence applications of aminopyralid-containing products be applied to minimize injury to newly seeded perennial grass stands?

- Early Postemergence Applications: Do not apply Milestone, Milestone VM, or ForeFront R&P until seeded grasses have an established secondary (adventitious) root system. A secondary root system is usually sufficiently developed by the time the grass seedling produces a second tiller. Depending on environmental conditions and grass species planted, a secondary root system usually develops by 45 to 60 days after planting. Most perennial grasses show improved tolerance to post emergence applications at this stage of development.
- Increased injury to grass seedlings may result when Milestone and Milestone VM are applied in tank mixes with other herbicides such as 2,4-D. Consult labels of other herbicides for guidance on their use on recently seedle grass stands.
- Over 20 species of warm- and cool-season grasses have been tested for tolerance to aminopyralid. Established grass stands have excellent tolerance to Milestone, Milestone VM and ForeFront R&P at the maximum use rates

Medusahead Control with Milestone History of Efforts to Date

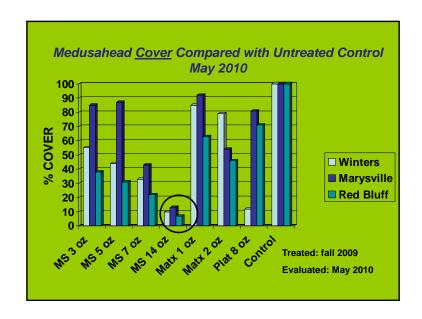
- UC Davis Microplot Trial 2007
- UC Davis Greenhouse studies 2008
- UC Davis trials applied via quad fall of 2009
- Cosgrave Ranch demo applied via quad 2009
- Mariposa County Ranch application Sept 2011
- Sachau Ranch application Sept 2011

Medusahead trials in CA Joe DiTomaso and Guy Kyser, UC Davis

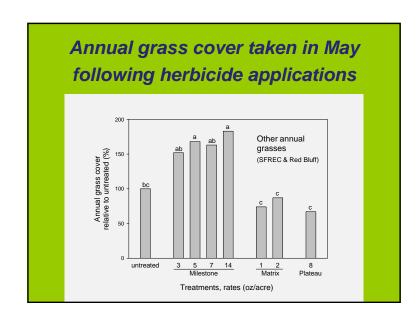


Methods and Materials

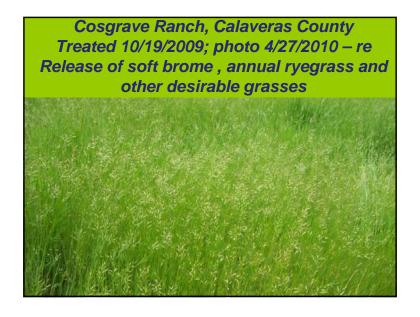
- Applications pregermination/preemergence
- 3 locations
 - Bobcat Ranch, Winters
 - applied Oct 9, 2009
 - Sierra Foothills Research & Extension Center, Marysville
 - Applied Oct 8, 2009
 - Gallatin Ranch, Red Bluff
 - Applied Sept 28, 2009
- 20 GPA







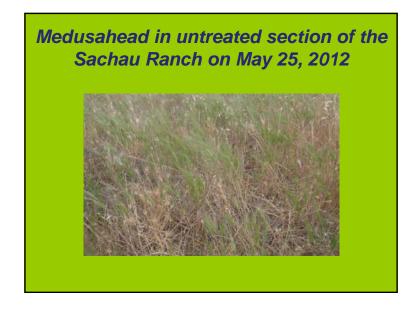


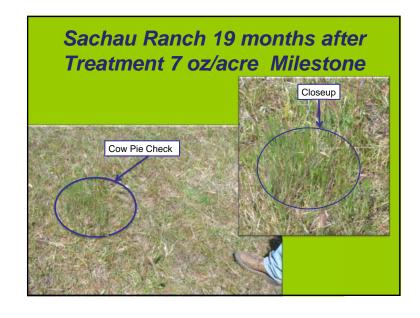






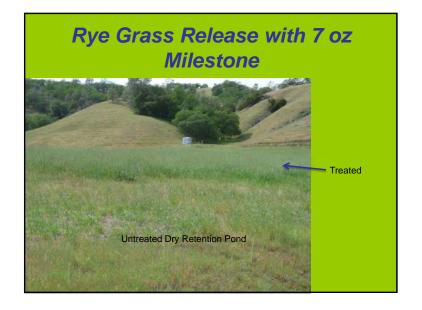






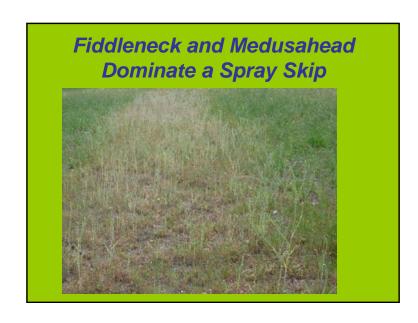
Medusahead Control at the Vineyard Mountain Ranch

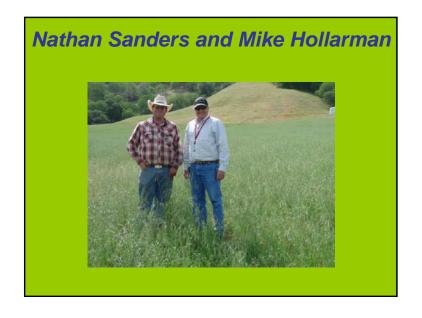
April 11, 2013 San Miguel, CA



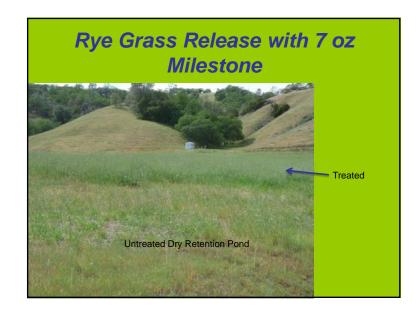


































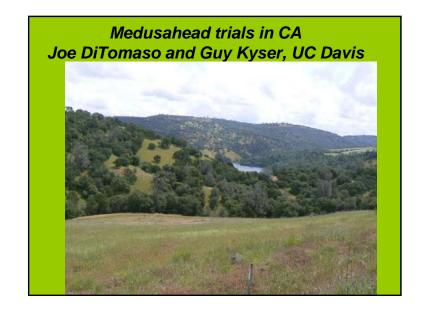


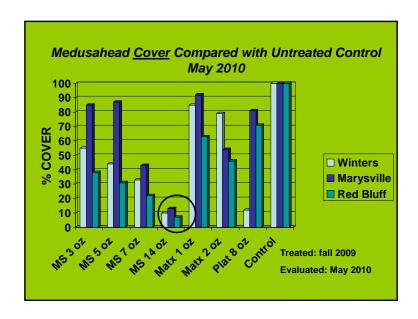




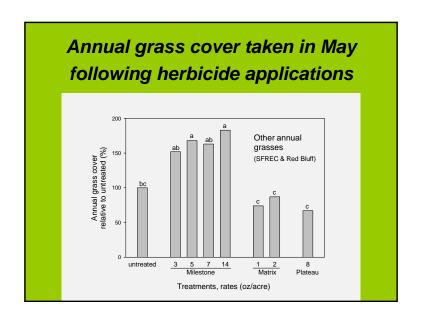
Medusahead Control with Milestone History of Efforts to Date

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- Sachau Ranch application Sept 2011
- Vineyard Mountain Ranch Oct 2012

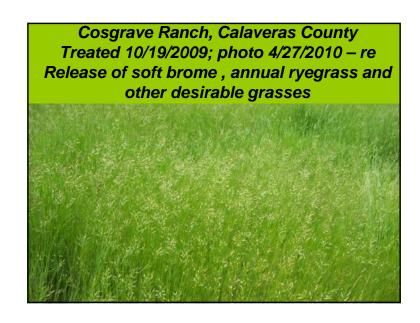










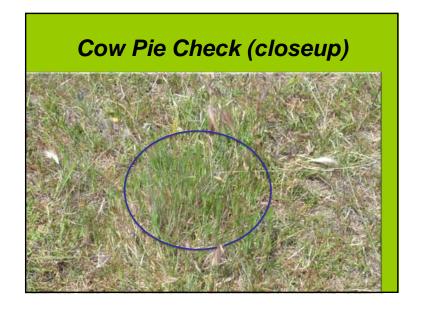








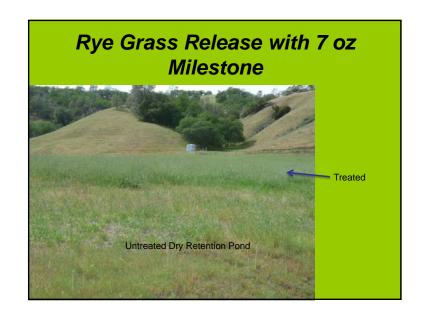




Medusahead Control at the Vineyard Mountain Ranch

Medusahead Infestations treated with 7 oz/acre Milestone October 2012

> Photos taken April 11, 2013 San Miguel, CA



Spray Skips Tell the Story

